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Clubs

TECHNICAL DATA DHY TESTREPORT LTF DATASHEET PARTS LIST OPERATING INSTRUCTION PRINT



DHV TESTREPORT LTF

SWING SPHERA RS S

Type designation SWING Sphera RS S

Type test reference no DHV GS-01-2681-22

Holder of certification Swing Flugsportgeräte GmbH

Manufacturer Swing Flugsportgeräte GmbH **Classification** D

Winch towing Yes

Number of seats min / max 1/1

Accelerator Yes

BEHAVIOUR AT MIN WEIGHT IN

Test pilots



Josef Bauer

No release

Inflation/take-off C Rising behaviour Overshoots, shall be slowed down to avoid a

Special take off technique required No

<u>Landing</u> A

Special landing technique required No

Speeds in straight flight A Trim speed more than 30 km/h Yes

Speed range using the controls larger than 10 km/h Yes

Minimum speed Less than 25 km/h

Control movement C

Symmetric control pressure Increasing Symmetric control travel 40 cm to 55 cm

Pitch stability exiting accelerated flight A

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward less than 30°

Collapse occurs No

Pitch stability operating controls during accelerated flight

Collapse occurs No

Roll stability and damping A Oscillations Reducing

Stability in gentle spirals A Tendency to return to straight flight Spontaneous exit

Behaviour exiting a fully developed spiral dive A

Initial response of glider (first 180°) Immediate reduction of rate of turn

Tendency to return to straight flight Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of

turn decreasing)

Turn angle to recover normal flight Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery

Symmetric front collapse D Entry Rocking back less than 45°

Recovery Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30° Change of course Keeping course

Cascade occurs No

Folding lines used yes



BEHAVIOUR AT MAX WEIGHT IN FLIGHT (90KG)



Harald Buntz

No release

Overshoots, shall be slowed down to

avoid a front collapse

Yes

Yes

Less than 25 km/h

Increasing

45 cm to 60 cm

Dive forward less than 30°

Reducina

Spontaneous exit

Immediate reduction of rate of turn Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)

Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery

Rocking back less than 45° Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward 0° to 30° Keeping course

ves

Unaccelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord)	D	D
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	Rocking back less than 45°
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 30° to 60°	Dive forward 30° to 60°
Change of course	Entering a turn of less than 90°	Entering a turn of less than 90°
Cascade occurs	s No	No
Folding lines used	yes	yes
Accelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord)	D	D
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	Rocking back less than 45°
-	Recovery through pilot action in less than a	Recovery through pilot action in less
•	further 3 s	than a further 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit	: Dive forward 30° to 60°	Dive forward 30° to 60°
Change of course	Entering a turn of less than 90°	Entering a turn of less than 90°
Cascade occurs	s No	No
Folding lines used	l yes	yes
xiting deep stall (parachutal stall)	В	В
Deep stall achieved	±	Yes
•	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 30° to 60°	Dive forward 30° to 60°
_	Changing course less than 45°	Changing course less than 45°
Cascade occurs		No
ligh angle of attack recovery	c	c
Recovery	Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s
Cascade occurs	s No	No
Recovery from a developed full stall	В	В
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 30° to 60°	Dive forward 30° to 60°
_	No collapse	No collapse
Cascade occurs (other than collapses)		No
	Less than 45°	Less than 45°
_	Most lines tight	Most lines tight
Ellie tellololi	Those lines agric	riose mies eigne
<u>Small asymmetric collapse</u>	D	D
Change of course until re-inflation	Less than 90°	Less than 90°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle		Dive or roll angle 0° to 15°
_	· Spontaneous re-inflation	Spontaneous re-inflation
Total change of course		Less than 360°
	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells	No (or only a small number of collapsed
	with a spontaneous re inflation)	cells with a spontaneous re inflation)
Twist occurs	; No	No
Cascade occurs	s No	No
Folding lines used	yes	yes
arge asymmetric collapse	D	D
Change of course until re-inflation	<u> </u>	90° to 180°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle		Dive or roll angle 0° to 15°
	· Spontaneous re-inflation	Spontaneous re-inflation
Total change of course		Less than 360°
	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells	No (or only a small number of collapsed
conapse on the opposite state occurs	with a spontaneous re inflation)	cells with a spontaneous re inflation)
Twist occurs	s No	No
Cascade occurs	s No	No
Folding lines used	yes	yes
	!=	!_
Small asymmetric collapse accelerated	ĮD	D
Change of course until re-inflation		Less than 90°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle	_	Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°
	· Spontaneous re-inflation	Spontaneous re-inflation
Total change of course		Less than 360°
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)	No (or only a small number of collapse cells with a spontaneous re inflation)
Twist occurs		No
Cascade occurs		No
Folding lines used		yes
arge asymmetric collanse associated	¦p	D
<u>arge asymmetric collapse accelerated</u> Change of course until re-inflation	<u>i</u> T	90° to 180°
Maximum dive forward or roll angle		Dive or roll angle 45° to 60°
	Spontaneous re-inflation	Spontaneous re-inflation
	•	Less than 360°
Total change of course		No (or only a small number of collapse
Total change of course Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells	NO (OF OTHER & STRAIL HUITIDES OF CORRESPONDED
-	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation)	cells with a spontaneous re inflation)
-	with a spontaneous re inflation)	
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	with a spontaneous re inflation) No	cells with a spontaneous re inflation)
Collapse on the opposite side occurs Twist occurs	with a spontaneous re inflation) No No	cells with a spontaneous re inflation) No
Collapse on the opposite side occurs Twist occurs Cascade occurs Folding lines used	with a spontaneous re inflation) No No	cells with a spontaneous re inflation) No No
Collapse on the opposite side occurs Twist occurs Cascade occurs Folding lines used	with a spontaneous re inflation) No No	cells with a spontaneous re inflation) No No
Collapse on the opposite side occurs Twist occurs Cascade occurs Folding lines used Directional control with a maintained Isymmetric collapse	with a spontaneous re inflation) No No yes	cells with a spontaneous re inflation) No No yes
Collapse on the opposite side occurs Twist occurs Cascade occurs Folding lines used Directional control with a maintained Isymmetric collapse Able to keep course	with a spontaneous re inflation) No No yes C	cells with a spontaneous re inflation) No No yes
Collapse on the opposite side occurs Twist occurs Cascade occurs Folding lines used Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse	with a spontaneous re inflation) No No yes C Yes Yes	cells with a spontaneous re inflation) No No yes C

spir	1	travel	
Trim speed spin tendency	A	A	
Spin occurs	s No	No	
Low speed spin tendency	i _A	A	
Spin occurs	5 No	No	
		1	
Recovery from a developed spin	¦B	В	
Spin rotation angle after release		Stops spinning in 90° to 180°	
Cascade occurs	s No	No	
B-line stall			
\			
Not carried out because the manoeuvre is excluded in the	user's manual		
Big ears	A	A	
Entry procedure	Standard technique	Standard technique	
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	Stable flight	
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	
Dive forward angle on exi	t Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30°	
Big ears in accelerated flight	A	A	
Entry procedure	Standard technique	Standard technique	
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	Stable flight	
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	
Dive forward angle on exi	t Dive forward 0° to 30°	Dive forward 0° to 30°	
Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while maintaining big ears		Stable flight	
Alternative means of directional control	A	A	
180° turn achievable in 20 s	• Yes	Yes	
Stall or spin occurs	s No	No	
Any other flight procedure and/or configuration described in the user's manual			
No other flight procedure or configuration described in the user's manual			

No other flight procedure or configuration described in the user's manual